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14 May 1959

MEMORANDUM FOR: OTR School and Staff Chiefs

SUBJECT

: DTR's Concept and Fixing of Responsibilities for War and Emergency Planning within OTR

1. Introduction

Mr. Dulles has proposed to the USIB that each inter-agency body under the Intelligence Board report plans for its operation in its assigned field of responsibility in time of emergency to the Board by 1 October 1959. OTR could be asked for a contribution to CIA emergency planning considerably prior to that date.

2. General

At my request, PPS has prepared this proposed concept and planning procedures guide to meet the wartime and emergency training responsibilities of OTR. This paper presents:

- (a) My concept of how war and emergency planning is to be conducted within OTR.
- (b) Subordinate planning responsibilities and authorities within OTR.
 - (c) An outline to guide OTR planning.
- (d) A two-phase planning system consisting of preparatory plans and actions prior to war and wartime or post D-Day plans.

3. Discussion and Delegation of Responsibility

A major flaw in much of the Agency's war planning has been the lack of realistic participation in the planning by the responsible operational officials who will put the plans into effect. To avoid this error within OTR, the Chief of each School and Staff is responsible for preparing plans to insure their functional responsibilities can be continued, intensified, expanded, and accelerated if need be to meet emergency situations.

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4. Policy

The emergency and war planning we want within OTR is not a paper exercise addressed to some hypothetical future global conflict.

Our plans must provide for that eventuality, but more pressing is our capacity to support the training demands of contingency situations, limited war, revolutions, riots, natural disasters; for example, Korea, Guatemala, Taipei riots, Indonesia, Cuban revolution, Eaq, Panama invasion, etc. In the past year a CIA task force has been alerted four times for possible participation in events of this nature. Simple illustrations of the sort of thing you may already have done are:

- (a) Have you assured yourself that all your subordinates know their role in the OTR emergency evacuation plan?
- (b) Are copies of all key course syllabus, lectures, training aids, etc. being stored regularly and currently as part of the OTR wital documents program? Training Aids? Films?
- (c) Where suitable, have these documents been forwarded together representing a complete block of instruction?
- (d) Is there an experienced assistant instructor capable of taking over each course now being taught to include substituting for guest lectures?

5. Concept

Your concern at this time is to inventory your responsibilities and capacities to meet them, to insure that OTR can keep on doing what it is doing and where need be take on additional tasks required by an emergency. On the strength of that inventory, you should take whatever action you (the School, Staff, Faculty, or course chief concerned) can at this time to prepare for the continuation and reasonable expansion of your fundamental responsibilities. To do this, you should draw up plans divided into two phases.

These phases are Preparatory Actions and Wartime Actions.

6. Preparatory Actions

This should state all actions that can be taken now within present budgetary, personnel, Agency regulations, and other limitations to prepare for contingencies. If you need additional means to take on some preparatory task you can handle now, state what you need for what purpose. Your preparatory plans should include all that you feel should and can be done prior to D-Day to be put into effect now.

7. Wartime Actions

This phase should envision the expansion, intensification, or even discontinuance of certain of your present activities after the emergency occurs. It should include functions not now engaged in which you believe you would have to undertake after D-Day. For example, would all JOT's need training in order-of-bettle information or photographic interpretation? Are instructors available to teach these courses? If not, how many do we need? If you know specific individuals whom you would want, let's earmark them for either our civilian or military reserve programs. In the illustration cited here, your Military Personnel Officer can provide personnel to meet these particular post-D-Day needs for you.

8. Implementation

PPS will be responsible for concept, outline plans, and guidance to the other Staffs and Schools for their detailed planning and implementation in preparatory emergency activities. School and Staff plans will be submitted to PPS for review and consolidation into an OTR master plan within 60 days of the receipt of this memorandum. During this review PPS will verify:

- (a) That the plan is in support of a CIA-approved requirement.
- (b) That the most economical approach has been taken from the use of manpower and facilities viewpoint.

- (c) That the plan can or cannot be consolidated with similar plans or requirements within OTR or training activities conducted by individual components of the Agency.
- 9. Support Staff Responsibilities

With PPS guidance, the Support Staff will assist the School and other Staff Chiefs in planning support requirements. These plans will conform in general to the attached outline.

- 10. Collation of Faculty and Course Plans Within Schools Upon receipt of this paper, Chiefs of Schools and Staffs should notify PPS who will be responsible for the colletion of the various subordinate plans within their sphere of activity.
 - 11. Please read the attached outline and explanation of the outline.

MATTHEW PAIRD

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Director of Training

OUTLINE

MISSION (statement of)

I. PREPARATORY ACTION

- A. General
- B. Organization
- C. Responsibilities
- D. Personnel Requirements
- E. Administrative
- F. Stockpiling
- G. Communications Support
- H. Technical Support
- I. Other Support
- J. Language Requirements
- K. Coordination

II. WARTIME ACTION

- A. General
- B. Organization
- C. Responsibilities
- D. Personnel Requirements
- E. Administrative
- F. Stockpiling
- G. Communications Support
- H. Technical Support
- I. Other Support
- J. Language Requirements
- K. Coordination

EXPLANATION OF OUTLINE

Mission or Responsibility

Prepare a separate statement outlining each major functional activity of your office broken down section by section, faculty by faculty, or course by course. In the latter case, give a brief course description using the subject headings of the OTR Catalogue, namely:

Title

Objective

Prerequisites

Enrollment

Duration

Location

I. PREPARATORY ACTIONS

(Actions to be taken now prior to emergency with deadline dates and fixed or continuing responsibilities for accomplishment, where need be.)

A. General

A brief synopsis giving your concept, or even educated guess, of what, if anything, needs to be done to prepare CIA prior to D-Day (now) to provide in wartime instructors and training materials for the continuance or expansion of this activity as may be required by CIA commanders and by clandestine military support operations. If you feel you have adequate capacity now, state no action required. If you feel an activity would be discontinued after a major emergency, don't use this elaborate treatment. List functions to be discontinued separately with your recommendations for an alternate emergency-duty assignment where necessary for the people now concerned with the function which you feel would be postponed.

8. Organization

A T/O of what you now have doing the job.

C. Responsibility

Fix and delegate authorities as required. For example:

Activity

Action By

Review and approval of area

PPS War Planner

division training annexes to

Global War Plan.

Preparation of lists of

Personnel Officer/TR

personnel assigned to Agency

and OTR relocation centers.

Insure that all OTR personnel

Chiefs of Schools and Staffs

read CIA Emergency Plan and

Agency Notice

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regularly

and are aware of what they must do

in the emergency, especially how

they will eventually arrive at the

OTR relocation center.

Selection of training materials

To be designated by School Chief

for emergency training kits.

concerned.

D. Personnel Requirements

Any additional people needed to have a pre-D-Day capability.

On board:

- 1. Staff employees
- 2. Military on detail to CIA
- 3. Contract employees.

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Standby Reserve:

- 1. Cleared contract employees
- 2. CIA civilian reserves
- 3. CJA military reserves. (deployment to or from OTR)

On Requisition:

1. CIA wartime military requirements

E. Administrative

Any special considerations or procedures; such things as:

Movement overseas or recall of OTR careerists from rotational assignments.

Budget, if required.

Vital documents and records preservation.

Other pertinent considerations which occur to you.

F. Stockpiling

Logistic considerations; for example, portable base requirements, training aids and kits.

G. Communications Support

(If required.)

H. TSS Support

(If required.)

I. Other Support

(For example, sufficient OSI lecturers for an accelerated S&T Course.)

I. Language Requirements

OTR present linguistic capability and wartime requirement to support accelerated training programs in the likeliest areas of operations.

K. Cocrdination

Statement of major coordinations required; for example, Ops School with Clandestine Services, Executive Officer with Department of Navy, technical training with TSS, Communications with OC.

Unconventional warfare training to be conducted by the US Armed Forces or at Armed Forces establishments.

II. WARTIME ACTION

1. The purpose of this section is to set out the additional means you think you will need to continue your own function and expand to meet the wartime demands of CIA and military demands. The following is extracted for your guidance from the 30 December 1958 Military Support Amex to the Top Secret CIA Global War Plan.

"TRAINING BUPPORT POLICIES

Mission and Concept

- a. <u>Mission</u>: The training mission of CIA is to plan for and conduct training in such a manner as to:
 - Prepare CIA and selected military personnel prior to

 D-Day for their wartime responsibilities in clandestine military
 support operations.
 - (2) Provide in wartime, instructors, curricula, training materials and facilities for the establishment of training programs required by the GIA Commanders.

b. Concept of Training:

- (i) Training at headquarters and other domestic sites will be expanded.
- (2) Training overseas will require the activation and expansion of training sites now in the planning or standby stage. Whenever practicable, military training facilities will be utilized for common training requirements.

- (3) CIA will train its own personnel and indigenous personnel that may be available for clandestine military support operations and designated U.S. military personnel.
- (4) Joint training will be conducted with U. S. military unconventional forces whenever practical."
- 2. For war planning purposes OTR will assume:
- a. Most Headquarters OTR activities will continue and be intensified and expanded.

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- b. Most OTR activities will continue and be intensified and expanded.
- c. You may be required to provide four training cadres complete with instructional kits and training aids. These might be:
 - (i) The basic Agency/OTR instructors to continue staff training in all subjects.
 - (2) A cadre to provide complete CIA training for an independent agency operation maintaining or establishing a friendly government in power. A requirement of this magnitude would necessitate training from the most elementary basic tradecraft through police, countersubversion and riot duty to the most advanced resistance, political action, and paramilitary types of training.
 - (3) A cadre to provide complete CIA training from strategic intelligence skills and basic tradecraft to resistance operations to the U.S. armed forces.
 - (4) A cadre to provide complete CIA training for a tripartite operation involving resistance and the maintenance or re-establishment in power of a friendly government.

In simple terms, this means we require a minimum of at least four people capable of individually conducting each course that OTR would continue after D-Day. If OTR-conducted training should exceed the capacity of four such cadres, we will cadre the cadres.

d. Disregard area division assets such as the control of the contr

II. WARTIME ACTION (cont.)

A. General

A general statement of how you think the activity will contrast with the peacetime function. In general, you can probably say the wartime function will be the same as the peacetime function with the exception of so and so. Review the current objectives, prerequisites, enrollment, and duration of the course. Modify them to complete the instruction as rapidly as possible while still maintaining what you feel will be minimum acceptable training and security standards. An example of the statement of a wartime function might be as follows:

This function covers the development of an accelerated staff training program to train approximately 900 employees during the first three months of war. To train 900 employees in three months, the DTR must be in a position to modify the training requirements of all additional personnel after D-Day to meet the need determined necessary at that time. With this in mind, the following standards and criteria appear to meet minimum need: Here work in your estimates along the following lines. Any number of things, such as lack of sufficient instructor personnel, emergency deadlines to support military plans, increased demands from other components of our Government or allied governments, etc. may require a relaxation of current training standards. On the other hand, we recognise that OTR must be careful not to relax training standards below minimum performance levels of security and efficiency. It is believed, therefore, that OTR may have to offer courses aimed at attaining different levels of training proficiency. For example, the continuation or acceleration of the present JOT instruction to meet post-war needs of the Agency, while on the other hand, mass producing pw interrogators or other functional experts with a minimum length of intensified instruction. Other types of training might be interim training of personnel already with the Agency to meet shifts in assignment or job emphasis tailor-made to meet special requirements, such as the operational expert given rush language training to equip him to serve in a particular geographic area, or the reverse, the language expert trained in an operational specialty. Mobilization or rush training of new employees could become our major activity. In addition, there may be special training programs.

B. Organization

A T/O showing what you believe you need to do the job as you envision it after D-Day.

C. Responsibility

Fix and delegate authorities as required. Include who will take over if Chief is a casualty.

D. Personnel Requirements

This should take the form of breaking down your wartime T/O into total wartime requirements for:

Civilian employees by grade and job title.

Military employees by rank and MOS (military operational specialty).

E. to K.

The explanations of Wartime Requirements E to K are esentially the same as explained for the Preparatory phase plus your estimate of the increase in support facilities or activities required after D-Day.